

# PHOTO GALLERY

## SYMPTOMS ASSOCIATED WITH *XYLELLA FASTIDIOSA* INFECTIONS IN DIFFERENT HOST PLANTS IN APULIA (ITALY)



**Bacterial infections in Apulia have been found associated with  
*Xylella fastidiosa* subspecies *pauca* - sequence type ST53**

# OLIVE QUICK DECLINE SYNDROME






Shoot dieback on Xf-inoculated olive plants in greenhouse



Dessication reproduced in greenhouse on Xf-inoculated olive plants



A close-up photograph of an olive branch against a blurred background of brown leaves and soil. The branch has several green leaves. Two of the leaves show a distinct reddish-brown necrotic tip, which is a symptom of scorch. The text "Scorch symptoms" is overlaid on a dark grey rectangular background in the center-left of the image.

Scorch symptoms

A photograph of an olive tree in a field. The tree shows signs of stress, with some branches appearing wilted and leaves turning brown and dry. The ground is dry and cracked, suggesting drought conditions. A semi-transparent black box with white text is overlaid on the left side of the image.

Wilting and dieback

Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage



Extensive dessication on young tree





Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage



Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage



Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage



Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage



Olive trees showing quick decline syndrome at advanced stage





# LEAF SCORCH SYMPTOMS ON INFECTED OLEANDER (*NERIUM OLEANDER*)

# LEAF SCORCH SYMPTOMS ON XF-INFECTED OLEANDER (*NERIUM OLEANDER*)



# LEAF SCORCH SYMPTOMS ON XF-INFECTED OLEANDER (*NERIUM OLEANDER*)



Yellowing and chlorosis observed on artificial inoculated plants in greenhouse



# DESSICATION AND DECLINE ON XF-INFECTED OLEANDER (*NERIUM OLEANDER*)



# LEAF SCORCH SYMPTOMS ON XF-INFECTED OLEANDER: INITIAL MARGINAL LEAF CHLOROSIS (LEFT), FOLLOWED BY NECROSIS (RIGHT)





# **ALMOND(*PRUNUS DULCIS*) LEAF SCORCH AND BROWNING**



















# **CHERRY (*PRUNUS AVIUM*)**

## **LEAF SCORCH AND BROWNING**

Leaf scorch symptom affecting a branch, with upward-curling leaves





A close-up photograph of a Myrtle Leaf Milkwort (Polygala myrtifolia) plant. The image shows several green, lanceolate leaves and a cluster of small, pale yellow flowers. The leaves exhibit significant damage, with large, irregular areas of yellowing and browning, particularly at the tips and along the edges, indicating leaf scorch. The stems and some leaves appear dried and brittle, illustrating twig desiccation. The background is a soft, out-of-focus light color.

# MYRTLE LEAF MILKWORT (*POLYGALA MYRTIFOLIA*) LEAF SCORCH | TWIG DESICCATION

Leaf scorch symptoms and shoot dieback on Xf-inoculated plants grown in greenhouse





Leaf scorch  
symptoms and  
shoot dieback  
on Xf-inoculated  
plants grown in  
greenhouse







## SYMPTOMS ON OTHER HOSTS



# WESTRINGIA FRUTICOSA



Yellowing and desiccation

# ACACIA SALIGNA



# ACACIA SALIGNA



Rapid progression of the symptoms

August 2014

March 2016

# ACACIA SALIGNA



Extensive dessication

August 2014

# ACACIA SALIGNA



The tree died rapidly and was removed

March 2016

# *SPARTIUM JUNCEUM*



Extensive desiccation

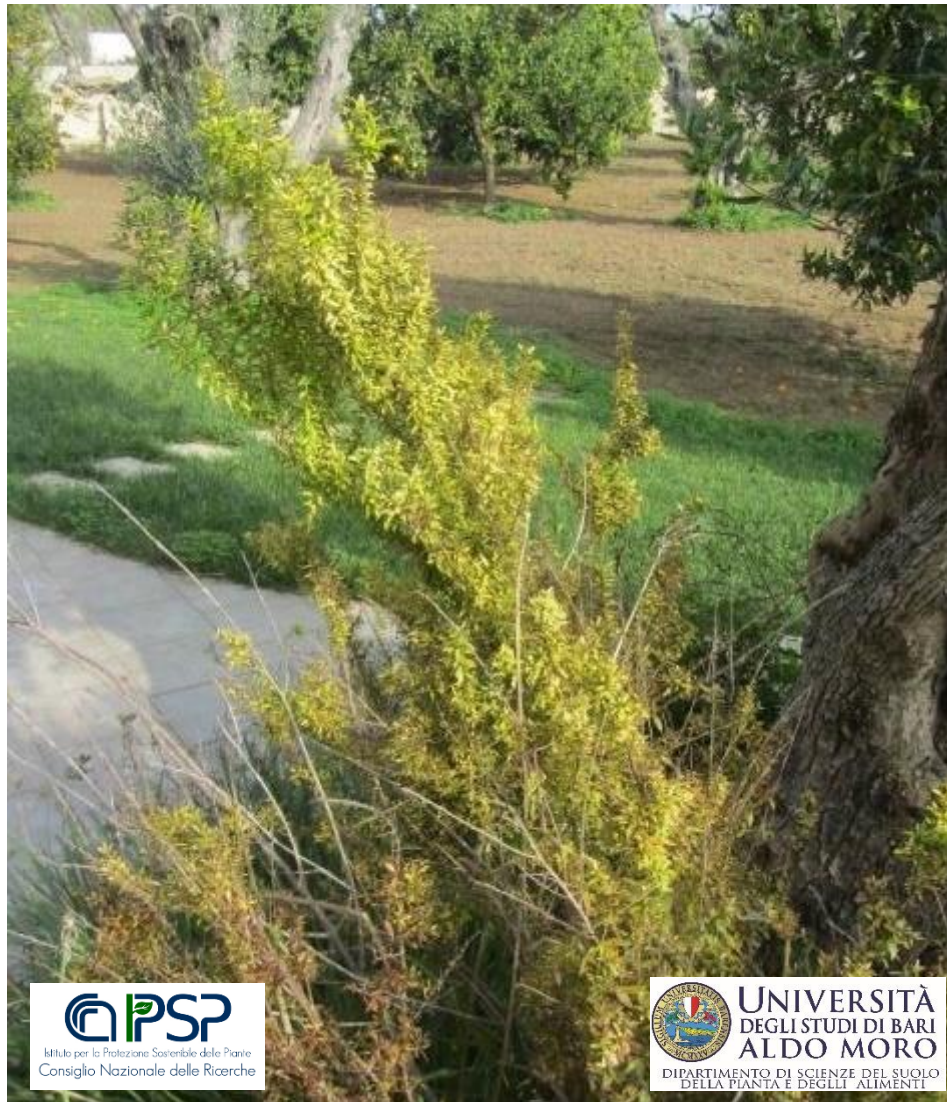
# ROSMARINUS OFFICINALIS



Leaf scorch symptoms



# MYRTUS COMMUNIS



Yellowing and foliage desiccation

# *CISTUS CRETICUS*



Desiccation phenomena

# LAURUS NOBILIS



Leaf scorch symptoms

# *DODONEA VISCOSA PURPUREA*



Extensive dessication

# LAVANDULA ANGUSTIFOLIA



Extensive desiccation

# *GREVILLEA JUNIPERINA*



Leaf scorch symptoms and dieback

# PHILLYREA LATIFOLIA



Leaf scorch symptoms

# *PHILLYREA LATIFOLIA*



Leaf scorch symptoms and dessication



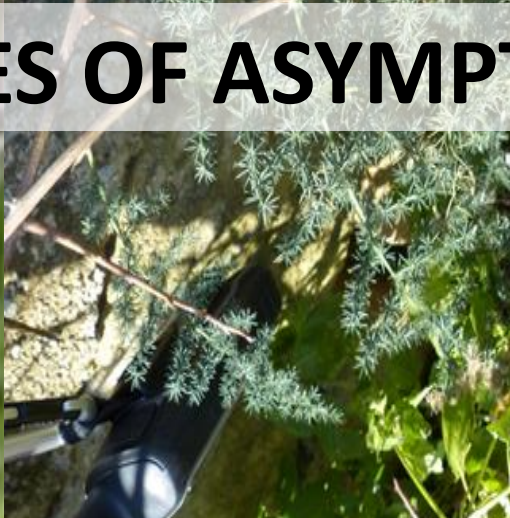
# PHILLYREA LATIFOLIA



Leaf scorch symptoms



# EXAMPLES OF ASYMPTOMATIC HOSTS



# *RHAMNUS ALATERNUS*



# VINCA SPP.



# *EUPHORBIA TERRACINA*



  
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# ASPARAGUS ACUTIFOLIUS



# WESTRINGIA GLABRA




# *MYOPORUM INSULARE*



  
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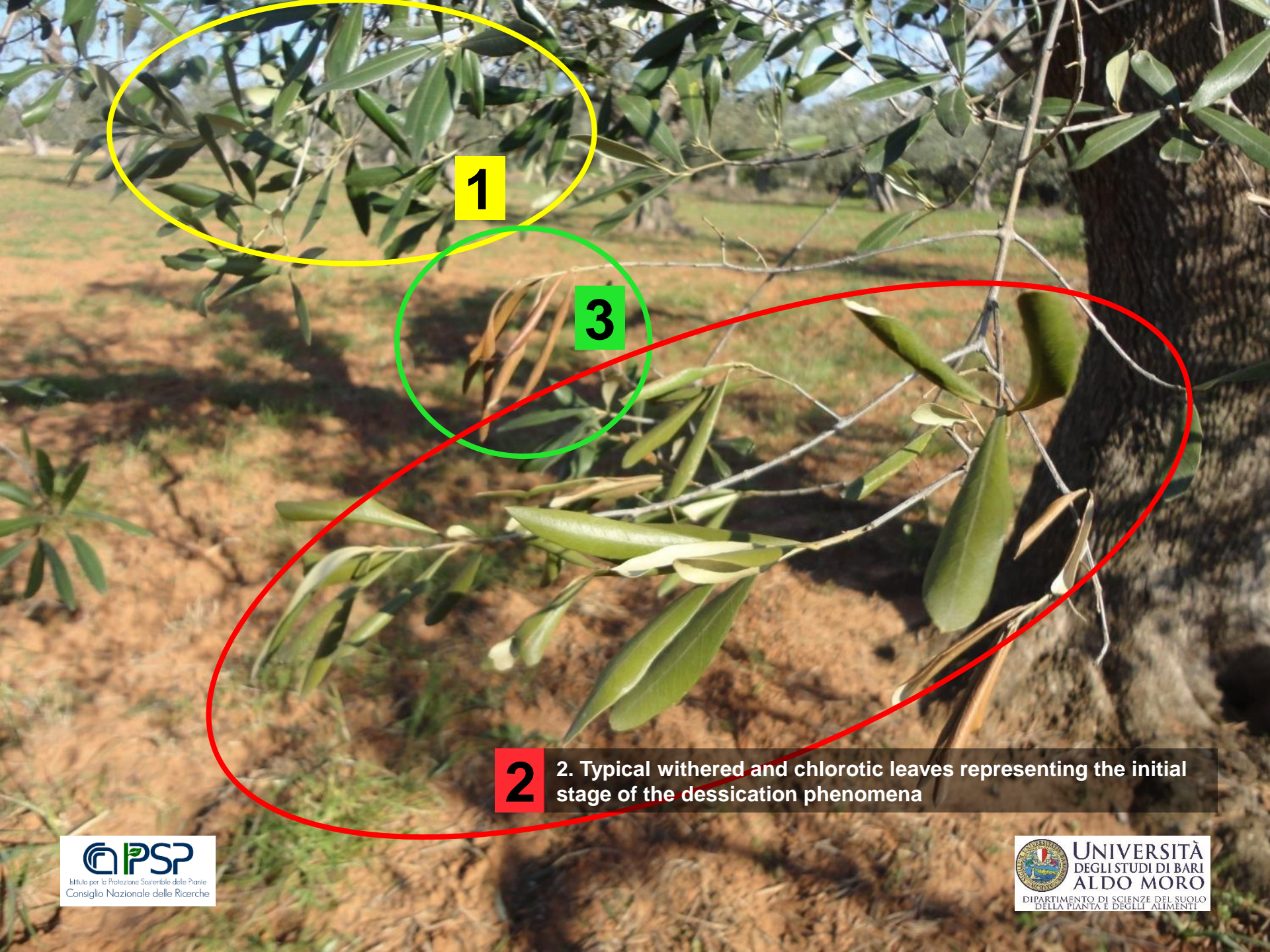




# **OLIVE QUICK DECLINE SYNDROME PROGRESSION OF THE SYMPTOMS ON THE INFECTED TREES**

# PROGRESSIVE STAGES OF THE “OLIVE QUICK DECLINE SYNDROME”





1

3

**2** 2. Typical withered and chlorotic leaves representing the initial stage of the dessication phenomena







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June 2015

# Initial symptoms of desiccation on few scattered branches



«Gigante di Alliste» (Lecce, Italy), 1,500 years old olive tree. September 2014

# Progression on the canopy of the desiccation phenomena



«Gigante di Alliste» (Lecce, Italy), 1,500 years old olive tree. September 2015

# Severe desiccation



«Gigante di Alliste» (Lecce, Italy), 1,500 years old olive tree. July 2016

# SYMPTOMS ASSOCIATED WITH *XYLELLA FASTIDIOSA* INFECTIONS IN DIFFERENT HOST PLANTS IN APULIA (ITALY)

This slideshow presentation was prepared in the framework of the H2020 research Projects:



Xylella Fastidiosa Active Containment Through a multidisciplinary-Oriented Research Strategy



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